

# The Anaconda Standard.

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ANACONDA, MONTANA, WEDNESDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 21, 1894.

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## JUST LIKE OLD BRECK

Aaron Herschfield Posing as an Innocent Victim

### IT'S A SHOCKING STORY

The Helena Banker Casts Off His Beautiful Wife With Heartless Reproaches—He Says He Was Crazy.

Special Dispatch to the Standard.

FARGO, N. D., Nov. 20.—Sensational incidents were lacking in the Herschfield divorce case to-day. After counsel had outlined the evidence they proposed to produce the day was devoted to the reading of depositions to prove the temporary insanity of the plaintiff, Aaron Herschfield, at the time of, and just previous to, his marriage to Miss Hogan. Burke Cochran was not present, other engagements preventing him from taking a hand in the case.

Mayor Ball, counsel for the defendant, was also absent owing to illness. The non-appearance of these attorneys disappointed the spectators, who seem to delight in Attorney Ball's scathing arraignment of the "gray-haired Lothario who ruins young women and then casts them upon the world," as he has heretofore characterized the plaintiff.

Mrs. Aaron Herschfield appeared in the court for the first time to-day. She had recovered from her recent indisposition and her beauty was marked among the many fashionably-clad women within the bar.

The sentiment of the crowd showed itself in her favor at every point in the argument, and Judge McConnell had to rap for order once or twice when laughter greeted the statements of Aaron's attorney regarding the insanity of his client at the time of the marriage.

The fair defendant sat unmoved during the day except to occasionally dart an indignant glance at Herschfield's counsel when they accused her of unchastity previous to her meeting the plaintiff, or turning from time to time to reassure her aged mother who sat behind her.

In outlining the evidence for the plaintiff, Judge McConnell of Helena, said he would prove that the defendant, who was Della Hogan, was an adventuress and had pursued Herschfield with her wiles when the latter was suffering from mental aberration because of overwork in business affairs. Herschfield was not in a state to resist and finally yielded to her charms. Then she became clamorous for marriage. Herschfield at first refused, but after his life had been threatened on several occasions by her agent, and she herself had sworn to kill him if he did not marry her, he was forced to yield, though after the ceremony was performed he refused to live with his bride and at the end of three weeks he left Helena to avoid her.

Counsel for the defense denied each and every allegation of the plaintiff's, admitting only the fact of marriage. They will endeavor to prove by witnesses and depositions the chastity of Miss Hogan before she met Herschfield, and that the happy union of the pair was broken through conspiracy of Mr. and Mrs. L. H. Herschfield, brother and sister-in-law of the plaintiff, for family reasons.

Numerous letters and telegrams from Herschfield to Miss Hogan will be produced to prove that he was not pursued by Miss Hogan against his will. The depositions read this afternoon were from employees of the Merchants' National bank of Helena, who testified to the insanity of the plaintiff from a period just previous to the time he met the defendant until a short time after their marriage.

### TO HELP THE ARMENIANS.

Minneapolis Has a New Society With a Humanitarian Object.

MINNEAPOLIS, Nov. 20.—The Philanthropic association of the Northwest, the object of which is to create sympathy for and aid the people of Armenia, has been organized here. Among the members are C. A. Pillsbury, Senator Washburn and other prominent citizens. A letter treating on the recent Armenian horrors was adopted and forwarded to President Cleveland. It says in part:

"Your excellency will not need any prompting to express to the signatory powers of the Berlin treaty, and especially to Great Britain, your horror at this foul and heinous crime against the Armenian nation and all humanity, and to use your influence with the powers for the fulfillment of their violated pledge and the establishment of a regime in the homes of those people whereby their honor and prosperity may be secured against further outrages at the hands of bloodthirsty oppressors."

### KOLB TALKS OF TROUBLE.

He Says He is Governor of Alabama and He Wants the Office.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 20.—A special to the Republic from Birmingham, Ala., says that Reuben F. Kolb, the defeated candidate of the populist party for governor of Alabama, published a lengthy address to the people of Alabama in the *People's Daily Tribune*, in which he declares his intention to be inaugurated governor of the state Dec. 1, and calls upon his followers everywhere to gather at Montgomery on that day and to aid him in taking his seat.

The address begins by saying that the paramount issue in the late state campaign was honest elections, and charges that frauds were committed in 1892. He says there was an almost universal demand against the repetition of these frauds. The address then says that just after the election this year Kolb issued an address stating that he had been elected, shortly after which his leaders held a conference. As a result of this conference meetings were called in every county for the purpose of ascertaining the wishes of the people with reference to the alleged frauds.

A convention was also called at Montgomery for Nov. 12, says the address, at which resolutions were adopted to the effect that Kolb was elected by the qualified electors; that the will of the people

was set aside through the agency of election managers and county officials.

The arrest of Kolb for treason is not improbable, and, if his followers undertake to assist him, it is believed there will be serious trouble.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Nov. 20.—Governor Jones was about to take a train for Mobile to take part in the ceremonies attending the reception of the cruiser *Montgomery* when he was shown a telegram from Birmingham in regard to the Kolb manifesto. He said: "William C. Oates has been elected governor, and it is my duty to see that he is duly installed. I do not anticipate any number of men will be foolish enough to heed Kolb's advice, but, if they do, the consequences will be on their own heads."

### AS TO THE BIDS.

There Will Be No Trouble in Getting Bidders for These Bonds.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20.—The indications are that the present government loan of \$50,000,000 will not only prove a complete success, but that the aggregate of the bids will be far in excess of the amount of bonds to be sold. As fast as received the bids are immediately placed, unopened, in the treasury vaults, so that it is impossible to know in advance of the opening next Saturday the names of the bidders, the amounts bid for, or the prices offered. The amount of gold withdrawn to-day from the sub-treasury in New York in exchange for currency, presumably for the purpose of purchasing bonds, was \$1,600,000, of which \$900,000 was taken by the Central National bank, \$300,000 by Watson Bros., and \$400,000 by the National Bank of the Republic on account of customers as follows: Merchants Trust & Safe Deposit company of Baltimore, \$125,000; National Reserve bank of Boston, \$100,000; Merchants National bank of Boston, \$100,000; Empire State bank of New York, \$25,000, and J. Pierpont Edwards, \$50,000.

The work of getting out the new issue is rapidly progressing. The bureau of engraving and printing is sending over an invoice of new prints each day, and it is now expected everything will be in readiness when the bids are opened.

### BLACK AGAIN RESPITED.

His Hanging Has Been Put Off Until Dec. 21.

Special Dispatch to the Standard.

HELENA, Nov. 20.—C. J. Black, the convicted murderer of Mrs. Cunningham in Flathead county, was granted a third respite by Governor Richards this morning until Dec. 21. The first respite was granted until Oct. 23, but as the transcript on appeal had not been filed a second respite was granted until Nov. 23. The setting of the case for argument on Dec. 5 before the supreme court was the reason of the granting of the third respite.

In the United States court the grand jury has returned an indictment against White Wright for the murder of Fred Butler at Poplar river, on the Fort Peck Indian reservation, on Aug. 25, 1894, and one indictment against George H. Bundy for mailing a letter at Philbrook, Fergus county, containing obscene words.

Arguments were heard this morning and afternoon in the contempt cases of Slaughter and Kyle.

### HARD HIT.

Many Persons Injured by the Fall of a Smokestack.

CHICAGO, Nov. 20.—A 60-foot steel smokestack was torn from the University club building by the wind to-day, and crashing into the skylight of the Handy Abstract building on Washington street drove a shower of broken glass into the office below, dangerously injuring two men and cutting and bruising almost every one of the 125 people in the office. The dangerously hurt are: H. H. Hardy, president of the Hardy Abstract company; C. O. Forstick, seriously injured; ex-United States District Attorney Milchrist, Taylor H. Snow, real estate dealer; G. A. Tallman, clerk; J. O. Connor, clerk; M. H. Brown, attorney. It is not thought that either Hardy's or Forstick's injuries will prove fatal, although both suffered severely from loss of blood.

### HUGO.

Countries of the Old World Who Don't Care for American Pork.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20.—An official of the agricultural department says the meat and cattle exports from the United States to Denmark are insignificant in amount. It is recalled that when Germany excluded American pork, she induced the adjoining governments of Holland, Belgium and Denmark to follow her example by the threat she would place an embargo on their swine to make sure no American hogs came through the ports of her neighbors. Consequently it will be seen the latest move of German inspiration, as it is assumed to be, in accordance with her old policy, and the officials will not be surprised at the announcement before many weeks that Holland and Belgium, who are so closely allied to Germany and Denmark, have followed her lead.

### Irby Is All Right.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 20.—Only one favorite showed in front to-day, Senator Irby. He made his first appearance and won in easy style. About six furlongs—Rodriguez won, Foremost second, Terra Nova third; time, 1:31½. Seven furlongs—Trix won, Jack Richelieu second, Regard third; time, 1:27. About six furlongs—Tiger won, Miss Clay fifth second, Jim Flood third; time, 1:22½. One mile—Senator Irby won, The Mallard second, Thornhill third; time, 1:41½. Five furlongs—Tartarian won, Broadhead second, Joe Cotton third; time, 1:30½.

### Johnson's Wonderful Work.

LOUISVILLE, Nov. 20.—One thousand people saw Johnson continue his bicycle record smashing. He clipped a full second from the world's mile record for a standing start, pace, doing it in 1:56.55. There was a stiff breeze blowing from the west when he started which adds to his credit for the record.

### Saved by the Trackwalker.

CONNEAUT, Ohio, Nov. 20.—An attempt was made last night near this place to wreck the fast east bound mail on the Lake Shore road by piling ties across the track. The trackwalker removed the ties before the train came along.

## THEIR WAR ON PAPER

The Correspondence Which Made China and Japan Fight.

### IT READS MILD ENOUGH

When the Mikado's Government Had Anything to Say It Spoke—Right Out in Meeting—Then the Fur Began to Fly.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20.—The Japanese government has anticipated the recent offers of China to the foreign powers to furnish the complete official correspondence leading up to the present war, and has itself made public this correspondence. It is published in full as part of the proceedings of the Japanese diet which have been received by the Japanese legation here. Most of the controversy has already been made known to the public, but the official letters between China and Japan give the first account of the sharp diplomatic fencing between the countries up to a few days before the war.

The letters run from June 7 to July 14. They are numbered from one to nine.

Number one is from Wang, Chinese minister to Japan. It informs Japan that a telegram had been received from Li Hung Chang stating the Korean government has requested China to send troops to suppress the rebellion of Tong Haks. Viceroys Li, it says, considers the rebellion serious and therefore complies with the request for troops to protect "our tributary state," first notifying Japan, in accordance with the treaty provision, that each shall inform the other before entering Korea.

Number 2 is from Mutsu, minister of foreign affairs of Japan. It very pointedly states: "In reply, I beg to declare although the words tributary state appear in your note, the Japanese government has never recognized Korea as a tributary state of China."

Number 3 is a notice from the Japanese government that it intends sending troops to Korea to suppress the rebellion.

Number 4 is a letter from the Chinese cabinet to the Japanese minister at Peking. The letter expresses surprise that Japan should send troops to Korea when it has not been so requested by Korea. It adds the following significant language: "The sole object of your country in sending troops is evidently to protect the legation, consulates and commercial people in Korea, and consequently it may be necessary on the part of your country to dispatch a great number of troops, and besides as no application therefore has been made by Korea, it is requested that no troops shall proceed to the interior of Korea, so they may not cause alarm to her people; and, moreover, since it is feared that, in the event of the soldiers of the two nations meeting on the way cases of unexpected accidents might occur, owing to a difference of language and military etiquette. We beg to request in addition that you will be good enough to telegraph the purport of this communication to the government of Japan."

Number 5 is Japan's answer, in which Japan says: "As to the number of troops to be sent to Korea, the Japanese government is compelled to exercise its own judgment. Although no restriction is placed upon the movement of Japanese troops in Korea, they will not be sent where their presence is not deemed necessary. The Japanese troops are under strict discipline and the Japanese government is confident they will not precipitate a collision with the Chinese forces. It is hoped China has adopted similar precautions."

Number 6 is an offer of the Japanese government to join China in a general readjustment of Korea on modern lines.

Number 7 is China's rejection of the offer, in which she says: "The idea may be excellent, but the measures of improvement must be left to Korea herself."

No. 8 is from Japan to China, stating "Japan cannot longer disregard the law of self-preservation which impels her to reform the deplorable condition of Korea at the root of her frequent rebellions."

No. 9 is also from Japan to China stating, as China has declined to join in the administrative reform in Korea, the only conclusion deductible is that the Chinese government "is disposed to precipitate complications." This closes the correspondence, the last letter being dated 11 days before the Chinese transport *Kow Shing*, carrying Chinese troops to Korea, was sunk by Japan. Japan's declaration of war followed six days later.

LONDON, Nov. 20.—A dispatch from Shanghai says the feeling in favor of the Japanese in the invaded districts is growing. Mutilous Chinese soldiers are reported pillaging and outraging the inhabitants.

A Japanese force under General Ozaka is announced to have left Taku Shan on Nov. 15 to attack Suwen, which the Chinese have fortified. It is added that the Japanese reached the town on Sunday morning and found the Chinese had fled. The Japanese are said to have captured five guns.

### GIBSON IS GAME.

He Swiped Jerry on the Jaw and Broke His Arm Doing It.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., Nov. 20.—Mart Gibson and Jerry Arnold fought a bloody battle of nine rounds last night. Gibson's arm was broken in dealing his opponent a heavy swing blow, but he continued the fight and won.

### FRANCIS GETS THERE AGAIN.

Miss Willard Re-elected President of the W. C. T. U.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Nov. 20.—At the convention of the W. C. T. U. to-day Mrs. Campbell of Wisconsin gave notice that at the next annual meeting she would move to amend article four of the constitution by the substitution of the words "vice-president-at-large" for the word "president." Mrs. B. Sturtevant Peck of California announced that Miss Jessie Acherman, the "round-the-world mission-

ary of the union," was seated with the California delegation.

Miss Acherman was escorted to the platform. When the escorting party reached the platform, Miss Willard took a salute from Miss Acherman's hand and said: "This is the best that has traveled 150,000 miles in the last seven years. It has contained 20,000 pledges from men and 9,000 membership certificates from women all around the world." The convention applauded vociferously and Miss Willard rapped vigorously with her gavel. "Not for order," she explained, "but for applause."

Various reports were presented. Miss Francis E. Willard was elected president, with Mrs. Stephens vice-president-at-large.

### VISITING BILLINGS.

Prominent Nebraska People Who Were Here to Visit.

Special Dispatch to the Standard.

BILLINGS, Nov. 20.—To-day Billings has been exercising the well known hospitality which is her distinguishing feature, in doing honor to her guests, the Commercial club of Lincoln, Neb., who have paid her a visit. The party arrived last night on the Burlington and returned home this evening. A committee of citizens met them on the way here and everything has been done to show them that they are welcome guests.

They were taken out for a drive to different points of interest and this evening an informal banquet, attended by many of the leading citizens, was given them in the comfortable rooms of the club. The guests expressed their gratification at the cordial reception tendered to them.

Part of the day was devoted by the visitors to business and with gratifying results. The following business houses were reported: Ackerman & Co., jobbers of millinery goods and notions, M. Ackerman; American Exchange bank, S. H. Burnham; Buckstaff Brothers Manufacturing company, wholesale saddlery, etc., A. H. Buckstaff; Cooper & Cole Bros., water, gas and steam fitting, pipes and pumps, W. J. Cooper; Curtis & Vandenberg company, cash, doors and blinds, L. E. Deemer; Clarke Drug company, wholesale drugs and medicines, C. J. Daubach; E. E. Campbell, wholesale butter and eggs, S. A. Brink; Davis company, wholesale and retail carpets and upholstery goods, A. M. Davis; Dean & Horton, steamer, water and plumbing supply, H. H. Dean; Haskell, Bosworth & Co., wholesale butter and eggs, Morris Friend; Harpman Bros., wholesale saddlery, hardware, etc., J. C. Harpman; Hargreaves Bros., wholesale groceries, A. E. Hargreaves; Jones & Douglas company, bakery, C. I. Jones; Leming & Co., books, stationery and wall paper, A. T. Leming; Lincoln Paint & Color company, M. A. Warren; Lincoln Upholstery company, J. J. Foltz; Leighton & Co., wholesale notions, books and stationery, C. M. Leighton; Mayer Bros., jobbers and manufacturers, gent's furnishing goods, S. D. Mayer; Nebraska State Journal company, Lincoln, daily, semi-weekly and weekly, J. A. Lippincott; Raymond Bros. & Co., wholesale grocers, George H. Clark; Standard Glass & Paint company, William Oyster; Wessel Western Mattress company, S. Wessel; Western Glass & Paint company, J. L. Kennard; Washburn & Moen Manufacturing company, iron, steel and copper wire, cable springs and nails, G. F. Rummelt; B. & M. R. E. Commercial agent, J. J. Cox; Nebraska Manufacturing association, O. C. Holmes; M. Gallagher, broom manufacturing, Guy Zeat.

### UNCLE SAM KICKS.

He Wants Germany to Lift Her Embargo on American Cattle.

BERLIN, Nov. 20.—United States Ambassador Theodore Runyon to-day had a conference with the imperial secretary of state for foreign affairs regarding the prohibition against the landing of American cattle and fresh meat in Germany. It is understood that the ambassador submitted expert proofs to the effect that no danger was to be apprehended from Texas fever.

### KILLED IN HIS BERTH.

A Pullman Conductor Has the Whole Top of His Head Blown Off.

VAN BUREN, Ark., Nov. 20.—Pullman Conductor Browne of the Arkansas Valley road was killed and thrown from his train at McKay, a small station 30 miles west of here, in the Indian territory. He was evidently killed while in his berth as he was in his night clothes. The whole top of his head was blown off. He left here with \$300. A negro porter is suspected and is under arrest.

### DEATH OF RUBINSTEIN.

The Celebrated Pianist Has Played His Last Piece.

ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 20.—Anton Greger Rubinstein, the celebrated Russian pianist and composer, died to-day of heart disease at Peterhof.

### Killed on the Crossing.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 20.—Two persons were instantly killed, one fatally and a fourth seriously injured at Washington lane crossing to-day. The killed are: Joseph Mehan, aged 70, of Pulpherecken; Patrick Lacey, flagman, aged 65. The injured are: Mrs. Mehan, aged 65, injured internally and skull fractured. Mrs. Smith, aged 40, the fourth occupant of the carriage, was injured internally. The carriage reached the center of the track before the driver discovered that the train was almost upon them. The driver struck the horses with a whip, which caused them to rear, and an instant later they were struck by the engine.

### Bank Failure in Portland.

PORTLAND, Ore., Nov. 20.—The Portland Savings bank failed to open its doors this morning. The lack of public confidence and unrelenting withdrawals of deposits are given as reasons for the closing. O. N. Denny has been appointed receiver and the bank will go into liquidation. The assets are given at \$1,650,000; liabilities, \$1,420,000. The closing of the bank was doubtless precipitated by the death of Dekum, president, about one month ago.

### Death Took a Throw.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 20.—Paul Conrad died here to-day. He was president of the Louisiana Lottery company and of the Louisiana company.

## SATAN'S RIGHT BOWER

Conspirator Holmes Holds the Medal For Devilry.

### HERE'S A STORY FOR YOU

Hawking Dead Bodies Around the Country He Played a Winning Game at Every Stand—He Has Wives to Spare.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 20.—Archconspirator H. H. Holmes, accompanied by Mrs. Pitzel and a woman who calls herself Mrs. Holmes, arrived in the city to-day in charge of Detective Crawford of the Fidelity Mutual Life association.

Mrs. Holmes disappeared soon after her arrival and no clue to her whereabouts could be obtained. It is thought she is stopping at a hotel in the neighborhood of police headquarters. After its arrival the party was escorted with Superintendent of Police Linden until late in the afternoon. When the conference was over Detective Crawford detailed a story of the trip, the most important feature of which was the revelation made to him by Holmes of the story of his whole life. It reads like the most sensational romance.

Holmes sat beside the detective with handcuffs on. The train had scarcely emerged from Boston before the prisoner tried to bribe his captor. He offered the detective \$500 if he would allow him to escape. He said he was raised in Burlington, Vt., and went to college in Detroit. Here he formed the acquaintance of a medical student who, he says, furnished the body in New York in the present case.

During vacations they worked on farms to raise their college expenses, but one summer they found themselves without means and then the medical man suggested the idea of getting a body and heating an insurance company. This was 12 years ago.

The doctor got his life insured for \$12,000. They obtained a body in Chicago. He took it east, arranged the details of identification and successfully got the money, with which they continued their studies. They worked the scheme afterwards with success, obtaining sums ranging from \$10,000 to \$20,000.

Once Holmes got his life insured for \$20,000. He went to a hotel in Rhode Island. At that time he wore a beard. He secured a corpse in Chicago, cut off the head and took the body to a lonely spot not far from the hotel. Then he shaved off his beard and returned to the hotel, asked for Holmes and engaged a room to wait for him. He had brought the head with him and burned it in the fireplace of the hotel. This scheme, however, fell through, the mother of his wife, when she discovered it, threatening to tell the police and Holmes fled to the West.

Resuming his story he said that while living in Chicago about 18 months ago he fell in with a typewriter firm and furnished a house on the outskirts where they lived together. Her younger sister came to visit them and the woman grew so jealous of her that in a quarrel one day she struck her over the head with a stool and killed her. To save the woman with whom he lived, Holmes put the body in a trunk, loaded it with stones and sunk it in a lake. The girl had property in Texas and he and Pitzel took it off her hands and sent her abroad. It was worth, he said, \$40,000 and after getting it in their hands they went through Texas buying car loads of horses on notes on this property, but as they never had legal title to the property the notes were worthless. To save this property Holmes said he and Pitzel formed the scheme of swindling the Fidelity company. He told the detective that for the crimes he committed he deserved to be hanged a dozen times. He admitted that he is supporting nearly two dozen persons, including the girl murderer, her mother and imbecile brother, two orphans in Chicago, three separate alleged wives and their children, and his own mother and father in Kankakee. He maintained that Pitzel is alive in San Salvador.

### GROVER IS FOR PEACE.

The President May Declare Himself On the Oriental War.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20.—The statement was made in congressional circles to-day that President Cleveland's message to congress would throw light on the China-Japanese question, and would forestall any resolution of inquiry. As the secretary of state makes no annual report to congress, the president's message ordinarily deals with the affairs in which this government has any part, and, as the recent negotiations with China and Japan are the most important questions the department has had in some time, it is concluded that Mr. Cleveland will make clear the position of this government.

Up to the present time there is no official information on the subject, and the state department has not even stated officially that negotiations with China and Japan are in progress. The reading of the president's message is the first business of congress, so that it would precede the contemplated introduction of resolutions of inquiry by Representative Boland Storer.

It is the belief with those familiar with President Cleveland's position against foreign entanglements that such reference that he may make to the subject in his message will be on the ground of humanity, urging that while the government need not reach abroad for conquest and acquisition it can well adopt an enlightened policy, which will be in aid of maintaining the peace and progress of the world.

### SOVEREIGN STILL RULES.

He Was Re-elected Grand Master Workman Without Opposition.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 20.—Grand Master Sovereign was re-elected to-day without opposition in the Knights of Labor assembly. Bishop of Massachusetts and Merritt of Colorado were nominated for foremen, the place now held by Bishop, and the latter was elected secretary. Treasurer Hayes was re-elected, although there was some opposition. The expenses of the delegates to the convention, amounting to \$2,500, were ordered paid.